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ins Ohr geschrieben

für Bariton, Klavier und Streichquartett
nach Texten von Johann Nikolaus Schneider

(2005)

Auftragswerk der Literaturwerkstatt Berlin und Konzerthaus Berlin

für Dr. Thomas Wohlfahrt

Besetzung

Bariton
Klavier (Hilfsmittel: Plektrum, Triangelstab, Lineal, harter Gummischlägel, 2 claves)
2 Violinen
Viola
Violoncello

Dauer

12 min.

Erläuterungen

Generell

↓ Viertelton tiefer
♯ Viertelton höher
(>) > ^ Akzent (schwach, mittel stark)

Stimme

Phonetische Zeichen sind in Anführungszeichen gesetzt.

‚r‘ wie in *Rand* (gerolltes r)
‚R‘ wie in *Rand* (Zäpfchen-r)
‚ɔ‘ wie in *Ort*
‚ə‘ wie in *singen*
‚y‘ wie in *Tür*
‚j‘ wie in *Schach*
‚ç‘ wie in *nichts*
‚ʋ‘ wie in *Ober*
‚x‘ wie in *Bach*

‚a‘
‚ɔ‘ zwischen ‚a‘ und ‚ɔ‘

Alle anderen phonetische Zeichen wie im Deutschen gesprochen.

Für eine bessere Lesbarkeit sind im zweiten Teil des zweiten Satzes die Dynamikbezeichnungen in rechteckige Kästen gesetzt

Klavier



Plektrum



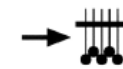
Lineal (auf Saiten kratzen)



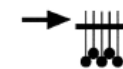
harter Gummischlägel



Triangelstäbe



auf den Saiten zwischen Stimmstiften und Sattel



auf den Saiten in der Nähe des Sattels



auf den Stimmstiften



auf den Streben des Metallrahmens



Guiro-Effekt auf den weißen Tasten (ohne Niederdrücken)



Fingernagel



tremolo (evtl. arpeggiert)



Saite mit der Hand dämpfen



entlang der Saite

Streicher

Bemerkungen zu den Sprechpassagen:

- Innerhalb einer Stimme wird vertikal die Sprechtonhöhe angegeben
-  bedeutet ansteigende Stimmtonghöhe,  bedeutet absinkende Sprechtonhöhe
- In der Kombination „oi“ wird das „o“ wie in „Moos“ ausgesprochen

sp	sul ponticello
st	sul tasto
cl	col legno (no hair)
1/2 cl	col legno (with hair)
bat, trt	battuto, tratto
get	getato

	direkt hinter dem Steg
	auf den Saiten hinter dem Steg
	auf der Saiteumwicklung nahe dem Saitenhalter
	auf dem Saitenhalter
	auf dem Steg (in der Nähe der angegebenen Saite)

Möwe
Möwen-Effekt. Das Flageolet wird wie angegeben gespielt. Es wird jedoch ein glissando ausgeführt, bei dem der Abstand zwischen den Kontaktpunkten auf der Saite nicht geändert wird. Das Intervall ändert sich also beständig und ergibt einen möwenähnlichen Schrei.

 übertriebener Bogendruck

Bogenknarren
Bogenknarren auf der Decke: der Bogen wird quer über die Decke gelegt, und die Stange wird über die Haare geschoben.

Zarge
auf der Zarge streichen

 Bartok-pizzicato

 auf der Schnecke

 Saite mit der Hand dämpfen

 entlang der Saite

Dynamik

Alle Dynamiken sind relativ notiert. **ppp** bedeutet so leise wie möglich spielen (singen), **fff** bedeutet so laut wie möglich spielen (singen), jedoch ohne dass der Klang verzerrt.

*Streichquartett: sitzend, Bogen angesetzt
Sänger in der Buchtung des Flügels,
Hand aufgestützt*

Pianist (stehend, gewichtig):

Erster Teil: Eine musikalische Untersuchung.

Hinsetzen. Attaca.

1

1. Vers

Pianist: Aktionen
körperlich unterstützen
vl1+2:
aufspringend, Bogen
werfen, setzen

(„o“)

(„i“)

alle Streicher: mit
Bogen Vortrag
unterstützen, immer
wieder zum
Aufsprung ansetzen

vl1

heut heut heut heut HEUT als heut heut heut heut

f sp fff f p f mp f

vl2

HEUT HEUT HEUT freut SCHLEUT HEUT freut freut leut

ff fff mp mf ff f

vla

HOIT HOIT HOIT HOIT

fff ff pp

vc

JEUCH ze ze JEUCH JEUCH ze LOIT SCHLOIFST du JEUCH ze JEUCH NOCH

fff ff f U U pp ff mpff mp

♩ = 75

2

(,o') (,e') (,i')

Handwritten musical notation on a five-line staff. It features a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The notation includes a series of notes with slurs and the word "gliss" written above. Above the staff, there are two diagrams of a stringed instrument (likely a harp) showing fingerings for the notes. A triangle symbol is placed to the left of the first note.

1d
A

alle: körperlich
ruhig, sitzend

(ohne Pedal)

Handwritten musical notation on a five-line staff. It features a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The notation includes a series of notes with slurs and the word "gliss" written above. Above the staff, there are two diagrams of a stringed instrument (likely a harp) showing fingerings for the notes. A triangle symbol is placed to the left of the first note.

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5d
C

Handwritten musical notation on a five-line staff. It features a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The notation includes a series of notes with slurs and the word "gliss" written above. Above the staff, there are two diagrams of a stringed instrument (likely a harp) showing fingerings for the notes. A triangle symbol is placed to the left of the first note.

3

(„s“)

(„s“)

2. Vers

Wirbelkasten

geflüstert *mf*

mit Stimme

2!

ff *mf*

Wirbelkasten

LEUST *mf* *mf*

err dich *mp* er dich *f*

LOIS

tert er sich *mf* *mp* tert er sich *ppp* *mf* *mp*

EUS

Möwe I

gliss du *<mf > mp*

SCHLEUsenwärternvellen er oig nis

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11

ppp *p* *mp*

4



3:2

ord											
SCHLEUST	und	soim	sé	lig	scheunt	er	sei	ne	scheu	ern	rein

ff < fff mp

ord											
SCHMEUST REIN	RA			er	dich						DREIN

ff < fff mp mf

sp										
REUS	pre	DICH								

ff < fff ff

IV										

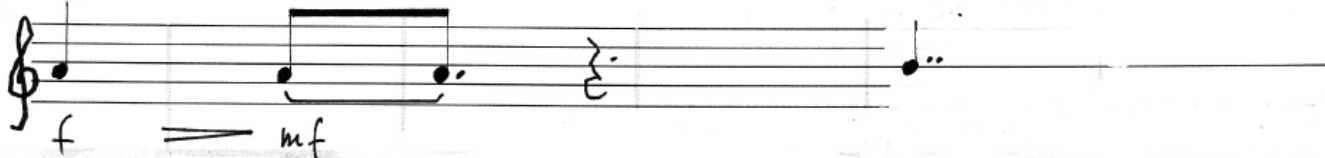
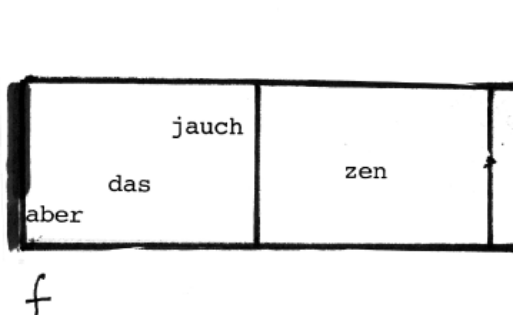
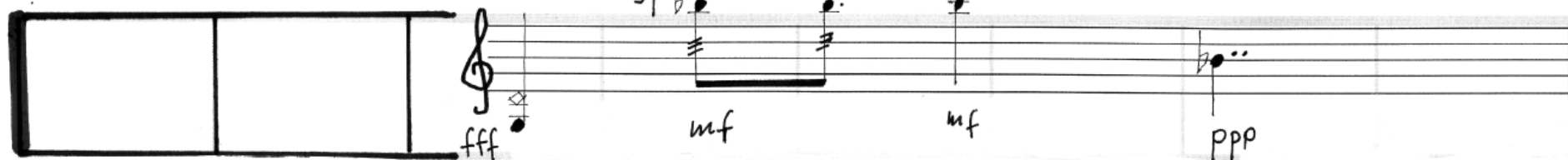
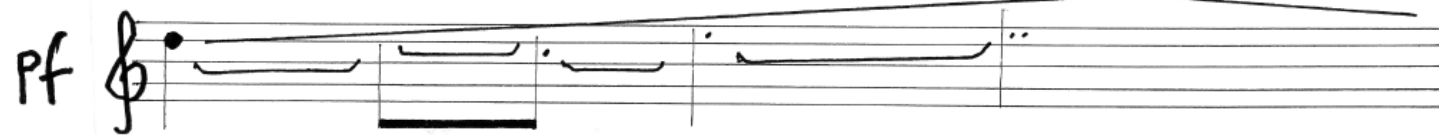
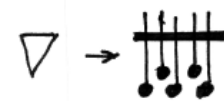
11 12 < fff 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20

2!
n

5

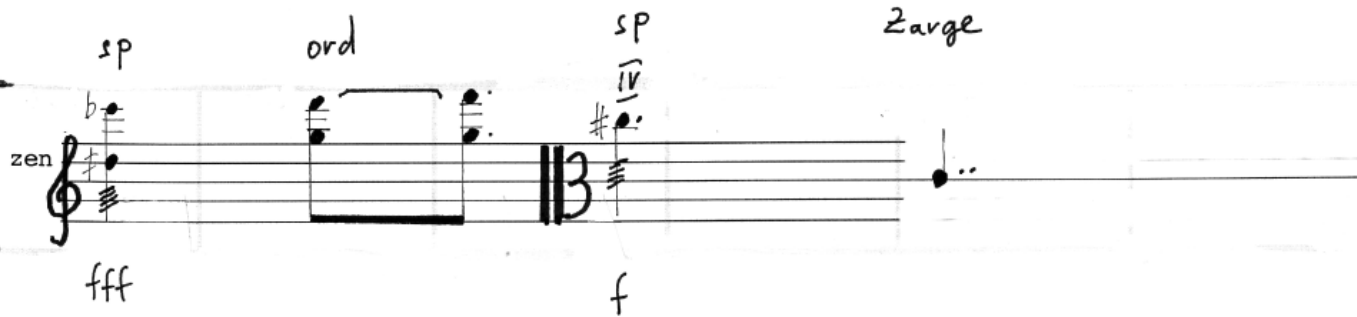
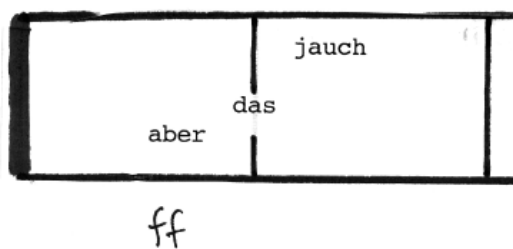
3. Vers

(„a“ → „u“)

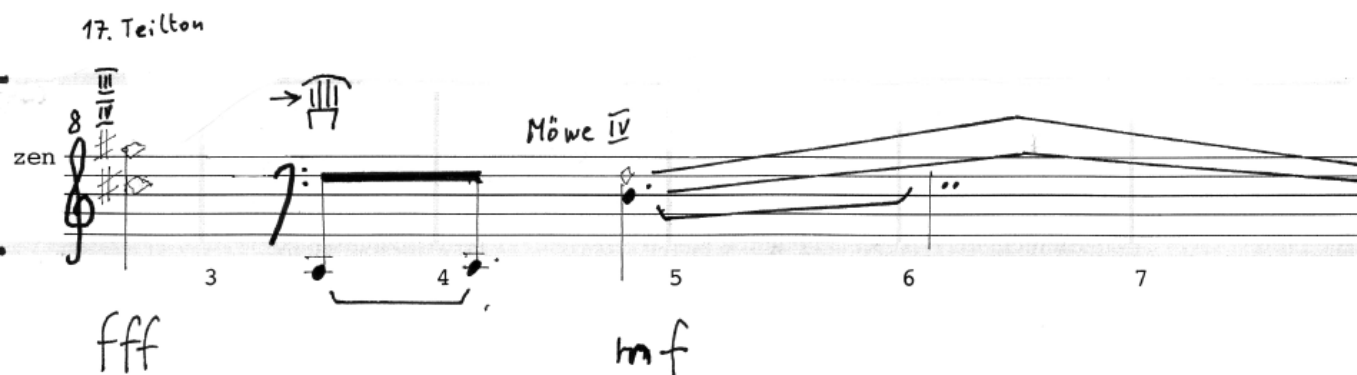
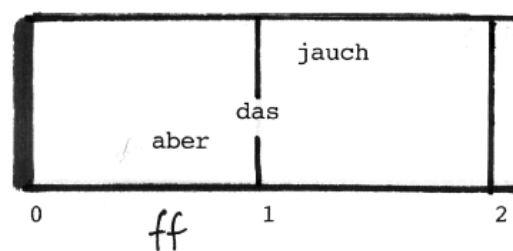


Bogenkwarren

4!

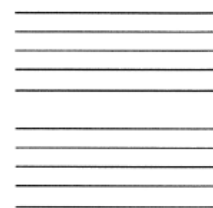


Zarge



Möwe IV

6



er samm let sie in sei ne scheu ne GOLCH für GOLCH

mp *f* *pp* *mp*

(Bogen werfen)

klau die dsen a ber

ff *mf*

/ FLU u bis / GOLCHT u und / GOLCH u flu BIST

pp *mf* *pp*

9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16

NU ben SCHWE ben FLU ben KLE ben

pp *mp*

1. 2.

7 („e“ → „e“)

4. Vers ▽ →

fff dim. mf

3!

mit Ton ord

fff mp ff mp

			WIE	ich	NOCH	ge	BO	ren	WAR
					etc.				

auf gebracht

ff f ff etc.

f

f mf ppp

der				
-----	--	--	--	--

mf

SP f

f mp mf fff

er		bin	det	sein	jauch	zen	in	bün
----	--	-----	-----	------	-------	-----	----	-----

P

schlicht

cl trt

fff mf mf

		VOLL	er	GLUT	OH	ne
--	--	------	----	------	----	----

7 8 9 10 11

mp P mp P

sp non cl

IV Möwe

$(\cdot, f')$ $(, f')$

Handwritten musical notation for a piano exercise. The notation includes a treble clef staff with a quarter note on G4, a fermata, and a decrescendo hairpin. Above the staff, an arrow points to a diagram of six staves with notes on the first line of each. The dynamic *Pf* is written to the left, and *p* is written below the staff.

VL1 | 7.



Wirbelkasten



The handwritten musical notation for 'Wirbelkasten' consists of a single note on a five-line staff. The note is a half note (minim) with a stem and a flag. The dynamic marking 'mf' (mezzo-forte) is written below the staff. The note is positioned on the second line from the bottom.

Handwritten musical notation for the first staff of the score. It shows a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a 4/4 time signature. The notation includes a quarter note (F#), a half note (A), a quarter rest, and a half note (C). Below the staff, there is a dynamic marking 'mp' (mezzo-piano) and a crescendo hairpin. The lyrics 'als' and 'Stimme' are written below the first two measures, and 'geflüstert' is written below the third measure. The word 'bis' is written below the fourth measure. The word 'FORT' is written below the eighth measure.

Vla 

Vc

Handwritten musical score for Violoncello (Vc) and a vocal line. The Vc part starts at measure 12 with a piano (p) dynamic and a crescendo. The vocal line has lyrics "und" and "FURT".

9

5. Vers

VL1

	der	GOTT	ist	GOTT	GLO	bus	GOTT	ist		MÜD
	pp	mp	pp	mp		pp	mp	pp		mp

VL2

bis		FLUT		als	MOLCH	als		der	GING	da	der
pp		mp		pp	mp	pp					

f =

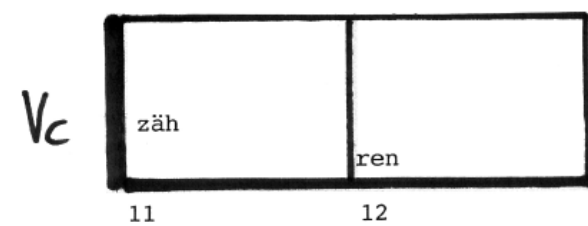
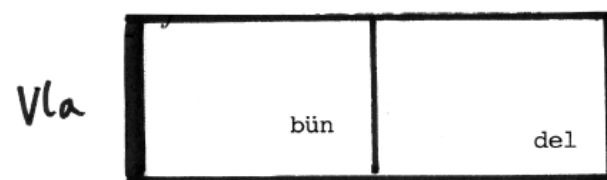
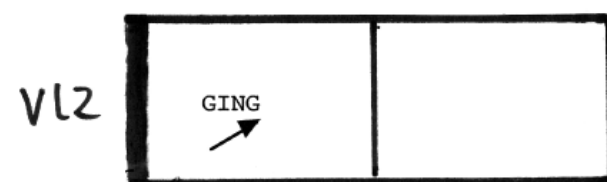
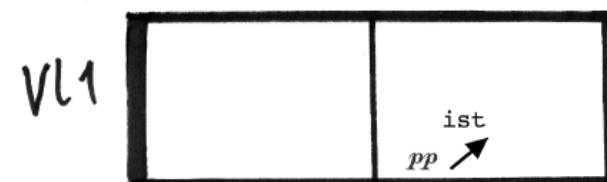
VL3

er	er	schnürt		sein	jauch		zens	ab		grunds
pp										

Vc

	OH		ne	ab	grund		seel		und	
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	mp		pp							

10



3J
⤵

(,η')

6. Vers

V11

Handwritten musical notation for V11. The staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature (C). The notation includes a whole rest, followed by a half note with a fermata, and then a half note with a fermata. The dynamic marking *ppp* is written below the staff. The word *murmeln* is written below the staff. The lyrics are: JAUCHZT AUF, JAUCHZT, and ins abgrundslachensangesicht. There are handwritten arrows pointing to the end of the lyrics.

V12

Handwritten musical notation for V12. The staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature (C). The notation includes a whole rest, followed by a half note with a fermata, and then a half note with a fermata. The dynamic marking *ppp* is written below the staff. The lyrics are: GING, ganz, GING, ge, GANG, ken, HIM, ge, GING, ganz, GANG. The word *attaca* is written at the end of the staff.

Vla

Handwritten musical notation for Vla. The staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature (C). The notation includes a whole rest, followed by a half note with a fermata, and then a half note with a fermata. The dynamic marking *mf* is written below the staff. The lyrics are: er schultert seine zionsfreudensbergsverpflegung.

Vc

Handwritten musical notation for Vc. The staff begins with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature (C). The notation includes a whole rest, followed by a half note with a fermata, and then a half note with a fermata. The dynamic marking *fff* is written below the staff. The lyrics are: YING, oh, YANG, ne, YONG. There are handwritten arrows pointing to the end of the lyrics.

12

7. Vers *sp* *(,Y')* *körperlich begleiten* 5!

die TÜR schleust die tü tü tü tü tü tü tü tü tü tü tü tü TÜR die

f *mf* *f* *ff*

ging soim se lig fort und blieb zu rück

fff *sp*

be steigt den berg ganz oh ne SEIL und SALZ

ff *p*

sp GING GANG GONG

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11

fff *mf*

Handwritten musical score for a 5-part instrumental ensemble. The score is written on five staves: Pf (Piano Forte), Vl1 (Violin 1), Vl2 (Violin 2), Vla (Viola), and Vc (Violoncello). The music is in 3/4 time, indicated by a '3' over a vertical bar line. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings (p, mf, f, ppp, fff). There are also handwritten annotations in German, including 'er klimmt', 'den saum', 'der se', 'lig keit', 'SONG', and 'BANG'. The score is divided into measures, with a measure number '13' circled at the top left. The bottom of the score features a timeline with measure numbers from 0 to 10.

13

(c' → η')

(a' → η')

Pf

Vl1

Vl2

Vla

Vc

er klimmt den saum der se lig keit

SONG

BANG

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

14

(i' → ,η')

6d

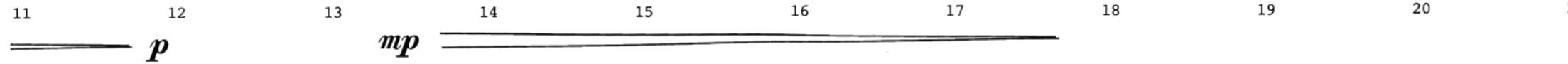
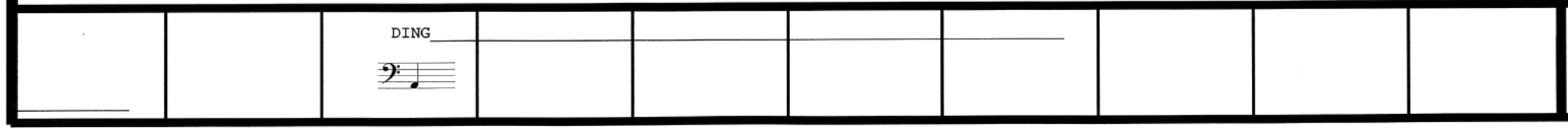
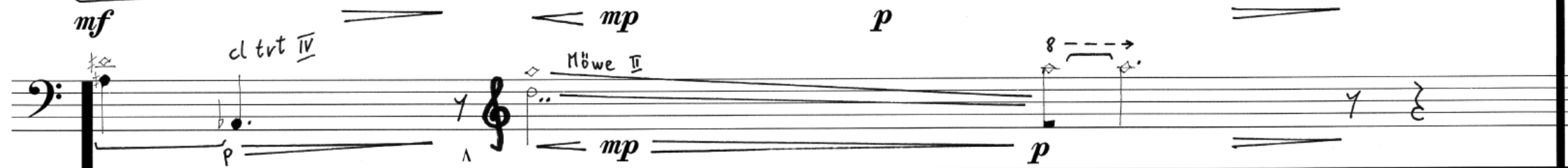
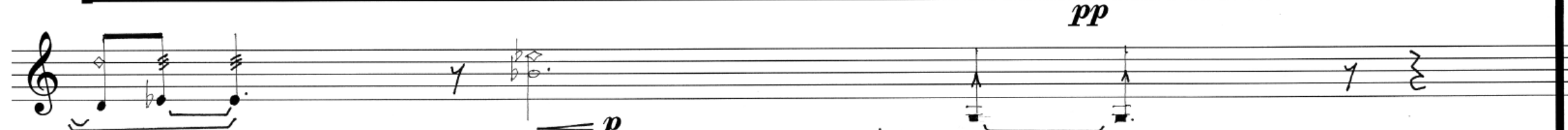
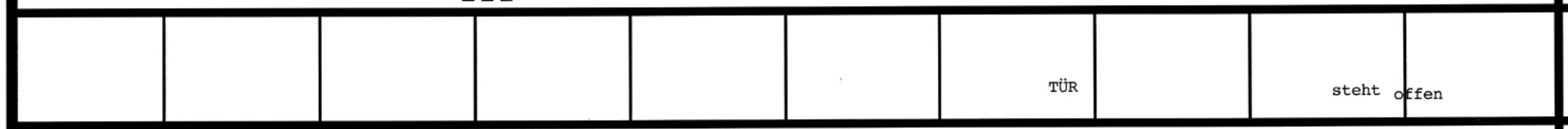
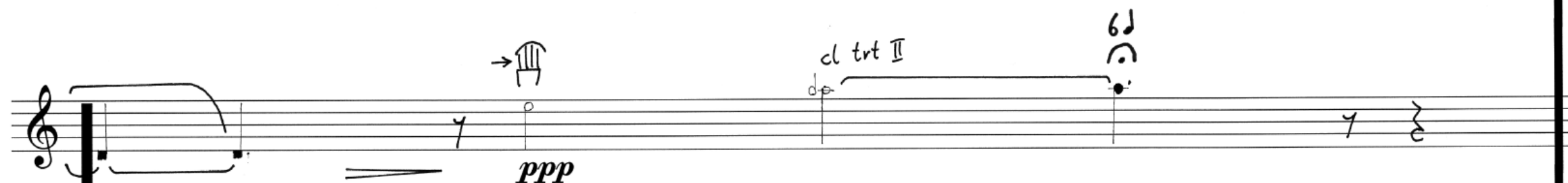
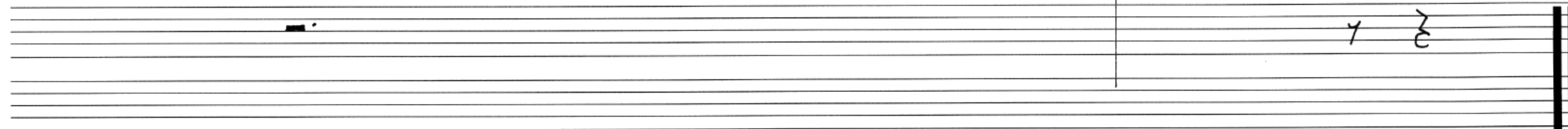
Pf

V11

V12

Vla

Vc



2'20"

Pianist (steht. In gewichtigem Ton):

Zweiter Teil: Eine wissenschaftliche Untersuchung.

(setzt sich hin)

Attaca.

♩ = 55

stets durchgehender Klang

Lautstärke mit
Ensemble balancieren

Handwritten musical score for a string quartet and piano. The score is written on five staves, labeled on the left as **ba** (bassoon), **pno** (piano), **vl** (violin), **vl** (violin), **va** (viola), and **vc** (viola/cello). The time signature is $\frac{11}{12}$ for the first system and $\frac{5}{8}$ for the second system. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, triplets, and dynamic markings like *ff* (fortissimo) and *fff* (fortississimo). There are also handwritten annotations in German, including "auf Decke mit Fingerknöchel" (on the cover with the finger knuckle) and "sempre $\text{IV}^{\text{sp}} > 3$ ". The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines, and the systems are separated by horizontal lines.

2

♩ = 65

Handwritten musical score for a chamber ensemble, featuring five staves: **ba** (bassoon), **pno** (piano), **vl** (violin), **va** (viola), and **vc** (violin). The score is written in 3/4 and 4/4 time, with a key signature of one flat. It includes various musical notations such as triplets, sixteenth notes, and dynamic markings like *fff*, *mf*, and *f*. The score is divided into two systems, with the second system starting at measure 15. The notation is handwritten and includes many performance instructions and markings.

3

ba ^g $\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{6}{16}$ $\frac{7}{16}$ $\frac{11}{16}$ $\frac{5}{16}$ $\frac{6}{16}$ $\frac{4}{16}$ $\frac{10}{16}$

quasi Triller

*a' ** *sim.*

pf ¹⁵ $\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{6}{16}$ $\frac{7}{16}$ $\frac{11}{16}$ $\frac{5}{16}$ $\frac{6}{16}$ $\frac{4}{16}$ $\frac{10}{16}$

tr

f

vl ⁸ $\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{6}{16}$ $\frac{7}{16}$ $\frac{11}{16}$ $\frac{5}{16}$ $\frac{6}{16}$ $\frac{4}{16}$ $\frac{10}{16}$

sp (8→)

mf *f*

vl $\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{6}{16}$ $\frac{7}{16}$ $\frac{11}{16}$ $\frac{5}{16}$ $\frac{6}{16}$ $\frac{4}{16}$ $\frac{10}{16}$

f *ff* *f* *ff* *f*

va $\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{6}{16}$ $\frac{7}{16}$ $\frac{11}{16}$ $\frac{5}{16}$ $\frac{6}{16}$ $\frac{4}{16}$ $\frac{10}{16}$

vc $\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{6}{16}$ $\frac{7}{16}$ $\frac{11}{16}$ $\frac{5}{16}$ $\frac{6}{16}$ $\frac{4}{16}$ $\frac{10}{16}$

sp III

fff *f* *ff* *f*

* von Mal zu Mal Vokal Klangfarbe leicht changieren

$J = 57$

♩ = 45

(quasi Triller)

Handwritten musical score for "The Great Wall" by John Adams. The score is for a full orchestra and includes parts for Bassoon (ba), Piano (pf), Violin I (v1), Violin II (v2), Viola (va), and Violoncello (vc). The score is written in a single system with multiple staves. The time signature changes from 6/16 to 4/16 to 9/16 to 4/4 to 5/8 to 7/8. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, dynamics (ff, mf, f, p), and performance instructions (tr, loco, gliss, ord, tr). The score is written in a single system with multiple staves. The time signature changes from 6/16 to 4/16 to 9/16 to 4/4 to 5/8 to 7/8. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, dynamics (ff, mf, f, p), and performance instructions (tr, loco, gliss, ord, tr).

5

Handwritten musical score for a contemporary ensemble, featuring five staves: ba (bassoon), pf (piano), vl (violin), va (viola), and vc (viola/contrabass). The score is in 7/16, 7/4, 3/8, 3/4, and 4/4 time signatures. It includes various musical notations such as triplets, glissandos, and dynamic markings like mf, fff, p, and sp. The piece is marked with a '23' at the beginning and a '(Triller)' instruction.

6

$\text{♩} = 65$

quasi Triller

28

ba

5/8

9/16

13/16

7/8

5/8

ff

15

tr

fff

5/8

9/16

13/16

7/8

5/8

p

8 →

sp

gliss

fff

9/16

13/16

7/8

5/8

f

fff

f

Loco →

5/8

9/16

13/16

7/8

5/8

ff

sp

5

5

5

5

5

dim.

mp

f

fff

5/8

9/16

13/16

7/8

5/8

fff

15!

5/8

9/16

13/16

7/8

5/8

fff sempre

34

ba

7/8 7/16 5/8 13/16 5/16

ff

8 --->

tr

tr

sim

(sim.)

pf

7/8 7/16 5/8 13/16 5/16

mp

v1

7/8 7/16 5/8 13/16 5/16

fff

v1

7/8 7/16 5/8 13/16 5/16

fff

va

7/8 7/16 5/8 13/16 5/16

f

sp

fff

fff

fff

vc

7/8 7/16 5/8 13/16 5/16

♩ = 60

♩ = 45

♩ = 75

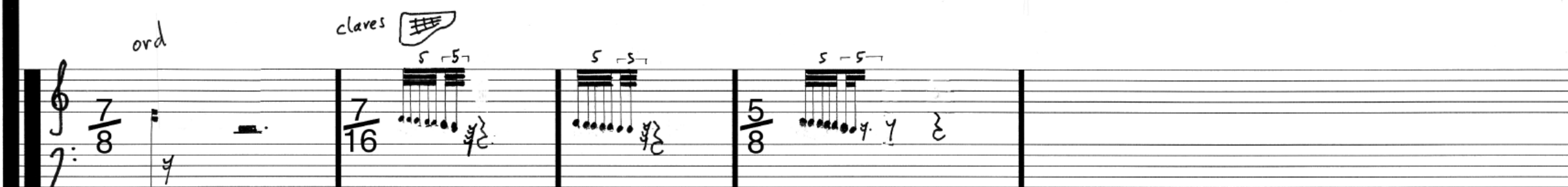
Handwritten musical score for a string quartet, featuring staves for Bassoon (ba), Piano (pf), Violin I (vl), Violin II (vl), Viola (va), and Violoncello (vc). The score includes complex rhythmic notation, dynamic markings (ff, f, p, fff, pp), and performance instructions like 'gliss' and 'vibrato'.

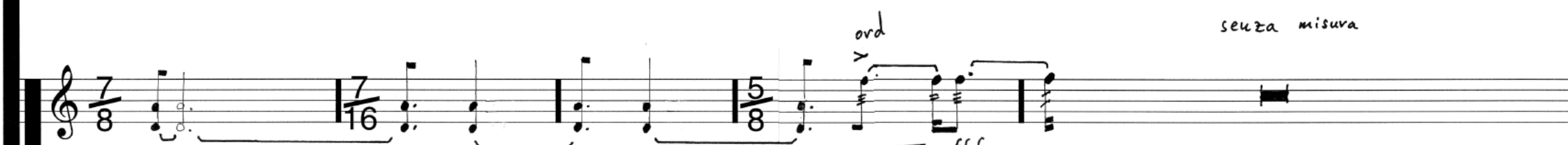
VC

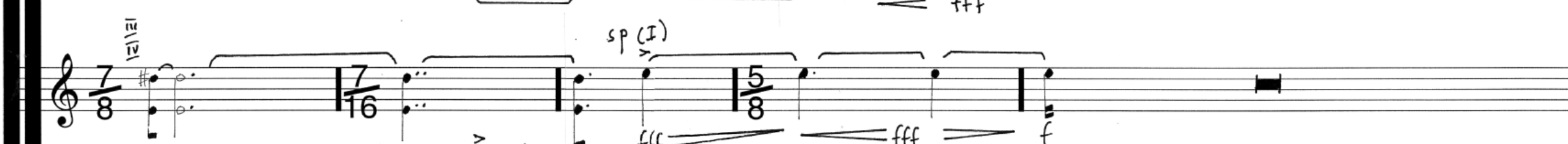
Handwritten musical score for a string quartet and piano. The score is written on five staves, labeled 'ba' (bassoon), 'pf' (piano), 'v1' (violin 1), 'v2' (violin 2), 'va' (viola), and 'vc' (viola/cello). The key signature is one flat (B-flat). The time signature changes from 7/8 to 3/8, then to 3/4, and finally to 4/4. The score includes various musical notations such as triplets, slurs, and dynamic markings like 'ff' (fortissimo), 'poco dim.' (poco diminuendo), 'f' (forte), 'mp' (mezzo-piano), 'mf' (mezzo-forte), 'cresc.' (crescendo), 'sp' (sforzando), and 'fff' (fortississimo). There are also performance instructions like 'sempre' and 'gliss' (glissando). The score is marked with a '50' in the top left corner.

ba ^{ss}  *Dozierend*
Neben „An die Freude....“ hatte Schiller noch einige andere Gedichte geschickt.

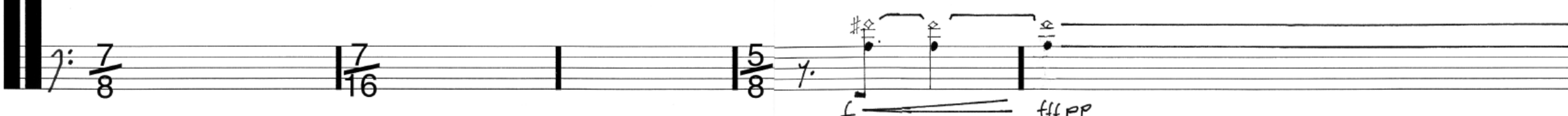
< ff

pf  *ord* *claves* *f* *3. Pedal*

v1  *ord* *seuza misura* *attaca* *fff*

v1  *sp (I)* *fff* *f*

va  *ord* *ff* *< ff* *< ff* *f*

vc  *f* *fff pp*

ba ⁶⁰

ff

pf

Dazu Maier 1984, 65 folgende

seuza misura *attaca*

v1

f

fff

sp

fff

fff

fff

pp

vc

fff

fff

fff

Handwritten musical score for a 5-part instrumental ensemble. The parts are labeled on the left: **ba** (bassoon), **pf** (piano), **vl** (violin), **vl** (violin), **va** (viola), and **vc** (viola). The score is in 2/4 time and consists of five systems of staves. The first system includes a rehearsal mark 64. The music features complex rhythmic patterns, including sixteenth and thirty-second notes, and various dynamic markings such as *ff*, *fff*, *sp* (sforzando), and *cd.* (crescendo). The score includes numerous performance instructions and markings, such as *quasi Triller*, *loco*, *Ped* (pedal), and *12:9*. The notation is dense and includes many accidentals and slurs.

[illegible]

ba ⁷⁵ $\frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{9}{16}$ $\frac{7}{8}$ *quasi Triller*

pf $\frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{9}{16}$ $\frac{7}{8}$

v1 $\frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{9}{16}$ $\frac{7}{8}$ 12:9 8:6 6 6 6

v1 $\frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{9}{16}$ $\frac{7}{8}$ fff

va $\frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{9}{16}$ $\frac{7}{8}$ sp fff 6 6 3 3

vc $\frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{9}{16}$ $\frac{7}{8}$ fff 6 6 8:10

79

ba

$\frac{5}{8}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4}$

a'
 f

cloves

pf

$\frac{5}{8}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4}$

Ped

v1

$\frac{5}{8}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4}$

sp II III
 b gliss gliss

fff

v1

$\frac{5}{8}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4}$

va

$\frac{5}{8}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4}$

φ

vc

$\frac{5}{8}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4}$

f III 6 II III

G.P.

82

ba

5:4

3:2

7:5

5/8

5/16

5/8

4:5

tr

8

pf

4/4

5/8

5/16

5/8

claves

f

ohne Pedal

G.P.

v1

4/4

5/8

sp

7:8

6

6

fff

pizz

fff

arco sp

sp

gliss

12:10

5/16

5/8

v1

4/4

5/8

fff

arco sp

sp

gliss

12:10

5/16

5/8

va

4/4

5/8

12:10

5/16

5/8

vc

4/4

5/8

fff

arco sp

sp

gliss

12:10

5/16

5/8

fff

tr

gliss

fff

87

ba

$\frac{3}{4}$

5:4 5:4 5:4

Dozierend

Die Phoneme ,ʔ' und ,i' haben mehr artikulatorische Merkmale gemeinsam als ,r' und ,i' bzw. als ,r' und ,ɣ'

pf

$\frac{3}{4}$

senza misura

v1

$\frac{3}{4}$

8:6 8:6 8:6 3 3 3

Langsam

mf

v1

$\frac{3}{4}$

8:6 8:6 8:6 3 3 3

ca. 15

5

mp

pizz

va

$\frac{3}{4}$

7:6 7:6 4:3

p

vc

$\frac{3}{4}$

5:3 5:3 5:3

cl trt

ppp

mf

19

$\text{♩} = 65$

stets
geflüstert

90

ba

9/8

sfz *dim.*

glissando

ppp

v1

9/8

sp *sempre gliss*

ppp

v1

9/8

sp II *sempre gliss*

ppp

con sordino

va

9/8

sempre gliss

ppp

vc

9/8

sp *sempre gliss*

ppp

* diese Rhythmen stets
unregelmäßig, sehr schnell

94

ba

pf

ry' — i' — y i' — y i' — y' y, ka' — l' — l' s.

[sfz] *[p]*

5/4 4/2

v1

v1

va

vc

sempre gliss

ppp

sp

gliss

(II)

(>)

pizz

sempre gliss

ppp

st → sp
cl bat

con sordino

p

5/4 4/2

47

ba

akustično

pf

vl

cl bat

vl

(senza sordino)

va

mf

vc

ff

ppp

gliss

7/8

101

ba

6/4

5/8

5/16 + 7/32

ts. s. w.

hoch

pf

6/4

5/8

5/16 + 7/32

v1

6/4

5/8

5/16 + 7/32

pizz

arco sp II

sempre gliss

ppp

ppp

ppp

slowly

(A-Saite)

va

6/4

5/8

5/16 + 7/32

mp

cresc.

vc

6/4

5/8

5/16 + 7/32

mp

107

ba

pf

v1

v1

va

vc

gliss

f

arco

ppp

st

gliss

p

mp

sattel

3 6 3

6 6 6 6

gliss

II

III

gliss

p

mp

[illegible]

116

ba

pf

v1

v1

va

vc

i — *btse* — *e* — *e* — *e* — *n* — *h* *cresc.*

sfa

Ped →

pizz →

p

fff

sp

ppp

gliss

f

sp

gliss

f

sp

gliss

d

mp

cl bat →

ppp

mp

ba

120

$\frac{11}{8}$

$\frac{6}{4}$

$\frac{6}{4} + \frac{1}{16}$

$\frac{6}{4} + \frac{1}{8}$

— — — — — $\rightarrow u'$ — — — — — ndp' — — — — — p' — — — — — R' — — — — — tf'

$[f]$ $[sfz]$ $[p]$ $[p]$ $[sfz]$ $[p]$

pf

$\frac{11}{8}$

$\frac{6}{4}$

$\frac{6}{4} + \frac{1}{16}$

$\frac{6}{4} + \frac{1}{8}$

Handwritten musical score for four staves (v1, v2, va, vc) in 11/8 and 6/4 time signatures. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like *<mp>* and *<mf>*.

124

ba

5/4 9/8 2/4 4/2 9/16

f' R

pf

5/4 9/8 2/4 4/2 9/16

tr

ppp

sp

gliss

Wirbelkasten

v1

5/4 9/8 2/4 4/2 9/16

mf

fff

arco

ppp

pizz

pp

sempre gliss

va

5/4 9/8 2/4 4/2 9/16

mf

fff

ppp

ppp

sempre gliss

vc

5/4 9/8 2/4 4/2 9/16

mf

fff

p

<mp>

129

ba

nts' i' gu' nda'

$\frac{7}{16}$ $\frac{13}{16}$

pf

v1

v1

va

vc

$\frac{7}{16}$ $\frac{13}{16}$

$\langle mp \rangle$ $\langle mp \rangle$ sim.

arco sp II

ppp

136

ba

pf

v1

v1

va

vc

$\frac{9}{16}$ $\frac{6}{16}$ $\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{9}{8}$

$\rightarrow X'$ ff p $\rightarrow a'$ sfz p $ntse'$

pizz $\rightarrow$

p

12:8 gliss 12:8

langsam

ppp

sempre gliss

st III

IV 14:12 (IV)

ppp

tr

gliss

st sempre gliss

$<p>$ $<p>$ $<p>$ $<p>$

Handwritten musical score for five staves: **ba**, **pf**, **vl**, **va**, and **vc**. The score includes various musical notations, dynamics, and performance instructions.

Staff ba: Features a melodic line with a dashed line below it labeled *h'* and *u'*. Above the staff are four arrows indicating movement: right, left, right, left. The staff contains two measures with time signatures $\frac{13}{16}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$.

Staff pf: Similar to the **ba** staff, it contains two measures with time signatures $\frac{13}{16}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$.

Staff vl (Violin 1): Includes the word *arco* and *gliss*. It features a *ppp* dynamic marking and a *gliss* instruction. The staff contains two measures with time signatures $\frac{13}{16}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$.

Staff vl (Violin 2): Includes a *cresc.* marking and a *fast* tempo instruction. It features a *slow* tempo instruction and a *(7)* marking. The staff contains two measures with time signatures $\frac{13}{16}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$.

Staff va (Viola): Includes a *p* dynamic marking and a *cl bat* instruction. The staff contains two measures with time signatures $\frac{13}{16}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$.

Staff vc (Violoncello): Includes a *p* dynamic marking and a *gliss* instruction. The staff contains two measures with time signatures $\frac{13}{16}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$.

The score is marked with various dynamics including *ppp*, *p*, and *gliss*. It also includes performance instructions such as *arco*, *fast*, *slow*, and *cl bat*.

145

ba

pf

v1

v1

va

vc

Handwritten annotations: *ndp*, *sffz*, *p*, *vibm*, *vib*, *arco*, *mp*, *f*, *fff*, *sub f*, *rit*, *gliss*, *st*, *ovd*.

Time signatures: 6/4, 2/4, 5/8, 15/16, 3/16.

Performance markings: *pizz*, *arco*, *vib*, *gliss*, *st*, *ovd*, *fff*, *sub f*, *rit*.

Ausführlich
hierzu:
Kittler 1986

3/2005